

Beiblatt zum Sicherheitsdatenblatt / Supplement to the safety data sheet

Abschnitt 1 / Section 1

- 1.1 Produktidentifikation / Product identification
- 1.2 Verwendungen des Stoffs / Uses of the substance
- s. Original-Datenblatt / see original safety data sheet
- s. Original-Datenblatt / see original safety data sheets. Original-Datenblatt / see original safety data sheet

1.3 Einzelheiten zum Lieferanten / Details of the supplier

Firmenname / Supplier Stürmer Maschinen GmbH,
Straße / Street Dr.-Robert-Pfleger-Str. 26,
Ort / City D-96103 Hallstadt

Tel. / Phone +49 (0)951 96555 - 0 (07:00 - 17:00 Uhr / 07:00 am - 05:00 pm)

E-Mail / E-Mail info@stuermer-maschinen.de

1.4 Notrufnummer / Emergency Telephone

Wählen Sie die passende Notrufnummer anhand des GHS-Symbols auf Ihrem Gefahrgut oder entsprechend Abschnitt 2.2 des orig. Sicherheitsdatenblattes *. Call the appropriate emergency number using the GHS symbol on your dangerous goods or according to section 2.2 of the original safety data sheet *.

| GHS Gefahren- piktogramm / GHS symbol | GHS-Kürzel/ GHS-no. | Mögliche Signalwörter/ <i>Warning</i> | Gefährdungsklassen / Description of hazards | Notrufnummer */ Emergency Phone * | |
|---|------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | GHS01 bis GHS09 | | | +49 (0)951 96555 - 590 Sammelnotrufnummer Gefahrstoffe | |
| | GHS01 | Gefahr oder Achtung / Danger or Attention | Explosive Stoffe/Gemische und Erzeugnisse mit Explosivstoff, selbstzersetzliche Stoffe/Gemische, organische Peroxide / Explosive substances / mixtures and products containing explosives, self-reactive substances / mixtures, organic peroxides | - 591 | |
| (8) | GHS02 | Gefahr oder Achtung / Danger or Attention | Selbstzersetzliche Stoffe/Gemische, organische Peroxide, entzündbare Gase, Aerosole Flüssigkeiten, Feststoffe, selbsterhitzungsfähige Gemische, pyrophore Flüssigkeiten und Feststoffe, Stoffe/Gemische, die bei Berührung mit Wasser entzündbare Gase bilden / Self-reactive substances / mixtures, organic peroxides, flammable gases, aerosols, liquids, solids, self-heating mixtures, pyrophoric liquids and solids, substances / mixtures which form flammable gases on contact with water | - 592 | |
| ® | GHS03 | Gefahr oder Achtung / Danger or Attention | Oxidierende Gase, Flüssigkeiten, Feststoffe / Oxidizing gases, liquids, solids | - 593 | |
| | GHS04 | Achtung / Attention | Verdichtete, verflüssigte, gelöste und tiefgekühlt verflüssigte Gase / Compressed, liquefied, dissolved and refrigerated liquefied gases | - 594 | |
| | GHS05 | Gefahr oder Achtung / Danger or Attention | Verätzung der Haut, schwere Augenschäden, auch metallkorrosive Eigenschaften / Chemical burns to the skin, severe eye damage, also metal-corrosive properties | - 595 | |
| | GHS06 | Gefahr / Danger | Äußerst schwere und schwere akute Gesundheitsschäden oder Tod / Extremely severe and severe acute damage to health or death | - 596 | |
| <u>(!)</u> | GHS07 | Achtung / Attention | Akute Gesundheitsschäden, Reizung der Haut, der Augen und der Atemwege, Sensibilisierung der Haut, narkotisierende Wirkungen / Acute damage to health, irritation of the skin, eyes and the respiratory tract, sensitization of the skin, narcotic effects | - 597 | |
| & | GHS08 | Gefahr oder Achtung / Danger or Attention | Chronische Gesundheitsschäden (Organschädigungen) bei einmaliger oder mehrmaliger Exposition, krebserzeugende, erbgutverändernde und fortpflanzungsgefährdende Wirkungen, Lungenschäden durch Eindringen von Substanzen in die Lunge (Aspirationsgefahr), Sensibilisierung der Atemwege / Chronic damage to health (damage to organs) after single or multiple exposure, carcinogenic, mutagenic and reproductive effects, lung damage due to the penetration of substances into the lungs (risk of aspiration), sensitization of the respiratory tract | - 598 | |
| E | GHS09 | Achtung oder ohne Signalwort/ Attention or without wording | Giftig für Wasserorganismen mit kurz- und langfristiger Wirkung / Toxic to aquatic organisms with short and long-term effects | - 599 | |

^{* 07:00 - 17:00} Uhr, außerhalb dieses Zeitraums kann die Nummer auf dem Sicherheitsdatenblatt angerufen werden / 07:00 am - 05:00 pm, outside this time, the number on the safety data sheet can be called

Für alle anderen Informationen siehe Original-Sicherheitsdatenblatt / For all other information, see the original safety data sheet



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Data Sheet No: VRLA GEL Issue 4

Date Issued/revised: March 8th 2024

1 Identification of the substance

Product name: Valve Regulated Lead Acid Battery Chemical family/Classification Electric storage Battery

Trade name: As used on the label.

Manufacturers Name: Eternity Technologies Manufacturing (Germany) GmbH Manufacturers Address: Steinerne Renne 72, 38855 Wernigerode, Germany

Tel: +49 3943 926 0 Fax: +49 3943 926 115

E-mail: info@eternity-technologies.de

Responsible persons: Uwe Saar, General Manager

2 Hazard Identification

| Health | GHS Codes | Description |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Acute Toxicity Category 4 | H302 | Harmful if swallowed |

| Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A | H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Eye Damage Category 1 | H332 | Harmful if inhaled |
| Reproductive Category 1A | H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| Carcinogenicity (lead compounds | H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or |
| Category 1B | | repeated exposure |
| Carcinogenicity (Acid mist) Category | H220 | Extremely flammable gas (Hydrogen) |
| 1A | P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray |
| Specific Target Organ Category 2 | P301/330/331 | If SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting |
| | P303/361/353 | If ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. |
| | P304/340 | If INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| | P305/351/338 | If IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. |
| | P310 | Immediately call a poison center or |
| | | do do y/physician |
| | | doctor/physician. |
| Handling | GHS Codes | Description |
| Handling | GHS Codes | |
| Handling | | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot |
| Handling | P210 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking |
| Handling | P210 P260 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray |
| Handling | P210 P260 P264 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye |
| Handling | P210 P260 P264 P280 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Handling | P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Store in well ventilated area |
| Handling | P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 | Description Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Store in well ventilated area Store locked up |
| Handling | P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 P391 | Meep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Store in well ventilated area Store locked up Collect spillage |



SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

3 Composition / Ingredient Information

| Components | CAS | | | Percent | | |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Chemical Identity | Number | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV | By Weight | EC Number | Average |
| Lead | 7439-92-1 | 50 μg/m ³ | 50 μg/m ³ | 45-55% | 231-100-4 | 50% |
| Sulfuric Acid | 7664-93-9 | 100 μg/m ³ | 1.00 mg/m ³ | 19-25% | 231-639-5 | 22% |

| Lead Oxide | 1309-60-0 | 50 μg/m ³ | 500 μg/m ³ | 19-23% | 215-174-5 | 21% |
|---------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|-------|
| Tin | 7440-31-5 | | | 1-2% | | |
| Copper | 7440-50-8 | | | <1% | | |
| Acrylonitrile | 97048-04- | | | 7-9% | | |
| Butadiene | 9 | | | | | |
| Styrene (ABS) | | | | | | |
| Calcium | 7440702 | 1 mg/m ³ | 1 mg/m ³ | 0-0.1% | | <0.1% |

4 First Aid Measures

<u>Inhalation</u>: Electrolyte: Remove patient to fresh air immediately. If patient has difficulty

breathing, give oxygen. **Seek immediate medical attention**.

Lead Compounds: Remove from exposure, gargle with water, wash nose and lips,

consult a physician as soon as possible.

Contact with skin: Electrolyte: Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15minutes, remove shoes

and contaminated clothing completely. All contaminated items should be thoroughly

cleaned before reuse. Seek immediate medical attention.

Contact with eyes: Electrolyte and Lead compounds: Flush immediately If substance has got into eyes,

immediately wash out with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate

medical attention.

<u>Ingestion</u>: Electrolyte: Drink large amounts of water. Do not induce vomiting. **Seek immediate**

medical attention.

Lead compounds: Seek immediate medical attention.

Most Important symptoms/effects, acute or delayed

<u>Eyes:</u> In the event of a battery rupturing or exploding, exposure to vapours or mists, or direct contact with liquid may cause redness, tearing, swelling, corneal damage and irreversible eye damage. Severe burns could result if splashed in the eyes with sulfuric acid.

<u>Skin:</u> Direct contact with the acid from inside a battery, can be severely irritating to the skin and can cause swelling, redness, burns (chemical), and severe skin damage. Any existing conditions may be aggravated.

<u>Inhalation:</u> In the event of a battery rupturing or exploding, the acid or gases may be harmful or fatal if inhaled, especially for an extended period. May cause severe irritation and burns to the respiratory system.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Ingestion may cause burns in the mouth or perforation of the esophagus or stomach. May be fatal if swallowed. Lead from a battery could also be ingested if care is not taken to wash hands thoroughly after handling batteries.

Lead may be toxic to blood, kidneys and the central nervous system. Repeated or prolonged ingestion of lead can produce permanent organ damage and be fatal.

5 Fire-Fighting Measures

Auto-ignition point (Hydrogen) 580° C at 760 mm Hg

Flash point Hydrogen 259° C

Flammable limits: LEL – 4.1% (hydrogen gas in air) UEL 74.2%

Extinguishing media: CO2: Foam, dry chemical.

Batteries may rupture due to pressure build up when exposed to heat and may result in the release of corrosive materials.

Lead, lead compounds and sulfuric acid fumes may be released during a fire involving the product.

Fire fighting procedures: If the batteries are electrically connected, shut off the power to the charging equipment. Note disconnected strings of batteries in series may still pose a risk of electric shock. Wear positive-pressure breathing apparatus, beware of acid splatter when dousing with water and wear acid resistant clothing, gloves face and eye protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: During normal usage batteries release flammable hydrogen and oxygen gases.

6 Accidental Release Measures

Immediate Actions: Shut off all ignition sources

Avoid contact with skin eyes and clothing, do NOT touch spilled material

Use personal protective material as per section 8

Remove combustible material

Stop flow of spillage and contain using soda ash etc.

Environmental Protection Notify authorities as required by local and regional laws. Avoid any discharge

entering the drainage system

Clean Up Actions: Small spill: Neutralise with soda ash

Place in appropriate container

Ventilate area

Wash affected area with water Do not empty into drains

Large spill: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or a

dike. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Neutralize with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Dispose of all contaminated materials in accordance with current local regulations.

7 Handling and Storage

Under normal conditions of battery use, internal components will not present a health hazard

Handling: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition

Protect from physical damage Wash hands thoroughly after use

Avoid sparks

Avoid contact with metal jewelry and watches etc.

Do Not Remove Vent Caps

Do not double stack industrial batteries, it may cause damage.

Storage: Keep in cool and dry & Protect from heat.

Store lead acid batteries with adequate ventilation.

Room ventilation is required for batteries utilised for standby power generation.

Never re-charge batteries in an unventilated, enclosed space.

8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

a) Occupational Exposure Limits

OSHA-PEL – Lead 0.05 mg/m3, Sulfuric Acid 0.5 mg/m3 ACGIH-TLV TWA Lead 0.05 mg/m3, TWA Sulfuric Acid 0.2 mg/m3

b) Personal protection: Wear safety shoes with toe protector.

Where internal components are liberated use rubber or neoprene boots.

Wear goggles/safety glasses giving complete eye protection.

Respiratory protection may be required under exceptional circumstances when Excessive air contamination exists.

Wear PVC mitts, gloves or gauntlets.

c) Use ventilation to exhaust airborne vapours and mists.

9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Odour: Not applicable.

Appearance: Sealed Valve Regulated lead Acid Battery

State under normal temp: Solid Flash point (Hydrogen): 259° C

Internal components

pH - (Sulfuric acid): 1.3 Electrolyte appearance - Off white cloudy liquid

Boiling point: Battery Electrolyte 110° C, Lead 1755° C

(at 760 mm/Hg)

Melting point: Lead 327.4° C

Vapour pressure: 11.7

Vapour density: Battery Electrolyte 3.4, (air =1)

Specific gravity: Battery Electrolyte 1.3 g/cm3. (water =1)

Auto-ignition point: 580° deg C at 760 mm/Hg.

Water solubility: Battery Electrolyte is 100% soluble in water

LEL (lower exposure limit) 4.1% Hydrogen UEL (upper exposure limit) 74.2% Hydrogen

Hydrogen Flash point below room temperature

10 Stability and Reactivity

Chemical stability - VRLA Batteries are considered stable at normal temperatures and conditions. Conditions to avoid – Overcharging, sources of ignition, mechanical impact, Contact with incompatible chemicals

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Incompatible with reducing agents. Incompatible with organic agents.

Decomposition products may include hydrogen.

Decomposition products may include sulphur oxides.

11 Toxicological Information

Danger of cumulative effects. (R33)

May cause severe irritation.

May cause gastro-intestinal disturbances.

Can cause damage to the mucous membranes.

Routes of Entry:

Electrolyte: Harmful by all routes of entry.

Lead compounds: Hazardous exposure can occur only when product is heated above the melting

point, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create dust, vapor, or fume.

Inhalation:

Electrolyte: Breathing of sulfuric acid vapors or mists may cause severe respiratory irritation.

Lead compounds: Inhalation of lead dust or fumes may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs.

Ingestion:

Electrolyte: May cause severe irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach.

Lead compounds: Acute ingestion may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe cramping. This may lead rapidly to systemic toxicity.

Skin Contact:

Electrolyte: Severe irritation, burns, and ulceration. Lead compounds: Not absorbed through the skin.

Eve Contact:

Electrolyte: Severe irritation, burns, cornea damage, blindness.

Lead compounds: May cause eve irritation.

Effects of Overexposure - Acute:

Electrolyte: Severe skin irritation, damage to cornea may cause blindness, upper respiratory irritation. Lead compounds: Symptoms of toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, muscular aches and weakness, sleep disturbances, and irritability.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic:

Electrolyte: Possible erosion of tooth enamel; inflammation of nose, throat, and bronchial tubes. Lead compounds: Anemia; neuropathy, particularly of the motor nerves, with wrist drop; kidney damage; reproductive changes in both males and females.

Carcinogenicity:

Electrolyte: The National Toxicology Program (NTP) and the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) have classified "strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid" as a Category IB carcinogen, a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. This classification does not apply to sulfuric acid solutions in static liquid state or to electrolyte in batteries. Batteries subjected to abusive charging at excessively high currents for prolonged periods of time without vent caps in place may create a surrounding atmosphere of the offensive strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid. Lead compounds: Listed as a 2B carcinogen, likely in animals at extreme doses. Proof of carcinogenicity in humans is lacking at present.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

Overexposure to sulfuric acid mist may cause lung damage and aggravate pulmonary conditions. Contact of electrolyte (water and sulfuric acid solution) with skin may aggravate skin diseases such as eczema and contact dermatitis. Contact of electrolyte (water and sulfuric acid solution) with eyes may damage cornea and/or cause blindness. Lead and its compounds can aggravate some forms of kidney, liver, and neurological diseases.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation:

Electrolyte: Remove to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Lead compounds: Remove from exposure, gargle, wash nose and lips; consult physician.

Ingestion:

Electrolyte: Give large quantities of water; **do not** induce vomiting; consult physician.

Lead compounds: Consult physician immediately.

Skin:

Electrolyte: Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; remove contaminated clothing completely, including shoes.

Lead compounds: Wash immediately with soap and water.

Eyes:

Electrolyte and Lead compounds: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes; consult physician immediately.

12 Ecological Information

Ecotoxicology - no information available. This product is not expected to present an environmental hazard if disposed of in line with the regulations.

Aquatic Toxicity

Sulfuric acid 24 hr LC50, freshwater fish 82 mg/l

96 hr LOEC, freshwater fish 22 mg/l

Lead 48 hr LC50, 1mg/l based on lead bullion

13 Disposal Considerations

Classification: This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations: Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose to an authorised

waste

collection point.

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations as applicable.

14 Transport Information

US Hazardous Materials Regulations 49CFR 173.159 (d,f) and 49 CFR 173.159a

We hereby certify that the Eternity Technologies Manufacturing (Germany) GmbH range of Maintenance Free Rechargeable Sealed Lead Acid batteries conform to the UN2800 classification as "Batteries, Non- Spillable, and electric storage" as a result of passing the Vibration and Pressure Differential Test described in DOT [49 CFR 173.159(d,f) and IATA/ICAO [Special Provision A67].

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations: Packing instruction 872 (as per IATA DGR 63nd Edition) and Special Provision A67

Batteries have been tested in accordance with the vibration and pressure differential tests found in Packing instruction 872 and "rupture test" found in Special Provision A67 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations.

When offered for transport, the batteries must be protected against short circuits and be securely packaged in accordance with Special Provision A67.

The words "Not Restricted" and "Special Provision A67" must be included in the description of the item in the airway bill.

Tested as per **IMDG Amendment. 41-22**, special provision 238 "a" and "b" Comply

Eternity Technologies Manufacturing (Germany) GmbH having met the related conditions are EXEMPT from hazardous goods regulations for the purpose of transportation by US DOT, IATA, EU-ADR and IMDG and therefore are unrestricted for transportation by any means.

15 Regulatory information

EU Directive 67/548/EEC on the classification, packaging and labeling of dangerous substances. Annex 1

Classification: C; R35 Risk Phrases: R35

Safety Phrases: S1/2, S26, S30, S45

RCRA: Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled. Spilled sulfuric acid is a characteristic hazardous waste; EPA hazardous waste number D002 (corrosivity).

CERCLA (Superfund) and EPCRA: Sulfuric Acid

- (a) Reportable Quantity (RQ) for spilled 100% sulfuric acid under CERCLA (Superfund) and EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act) is **1,000 lbs.** State and local reportable quantities for spilled sulfuric acid may vary.
- (b) Sulfuric acid is a listed "Extremely Hazardous Substance" under EPCRA, with a Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) of **1,000 lbs.**
- (c) EPCRA Section 302 notification is required if **1,000 lbs** or more of sulfuric acid is present at one site. An average automotive/commercial battery contains approximately 5 lbs. of sulfuric acid. Contact your representative for additional information.

(d) EPCRA Section 312 Tier Two reporting is required for non-automotive batteries if sulfuric acid is present in quantities of **500 lbs** or more and/or if lead is present in quantities of **10,000 lbs** or more.

Lead

The lead used in lead acid batteries does not qualify for any OSHA or EPCRA exemptions. Lead is not an EHS, and the following table outlines the applicable EPCRA sections and their respective thresholds for lead.

- 311- MSDS reporting greater than or equal to 10,000 lbs
- 312- Chemical inventory reporting (i.e. tier II) greater than or equal to 10,000 lbs

This product contains toxic chemicals as detailed in section 3, use this information for any report requirements.

State Regulations (US)

Proposition 65 warning: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

16 Other Information

Under normal conditions of battery use, internal components will not present a health hazard. The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is provided for battery electrolyte (acid) and lead, for exposure that may occur during battery production or container breakage or under extreme heat conditions such as fire.

This Safety Data Sheet and the information therein does not constitute the user's own assessment of work place risk as required by other Health & Safety legislation.